



7. Answer the following questions.

½ Mark Questions

1. Consider the following statements.
  - i. Service sector provide high share of employment in 2009-10.
  - ii. Agriculture sector provide high share of employment in 1972-73.Which of the above statement is correct.  
A. (i) Only      B. (ii) only      C. Both (i) and (ii)      D. None of the these
2. Manufacturing process related to which sector of an economy?
3. Find out the odd one.  
Mining, Industries, fishing, forestry
4. Which sector provided high share of GDP in 2009-10?
5. Based on the relationship between the information in the first pair, complete the second pair.  
Invisible production: Service sector :: Nature domination : ?
6. Expand GDP?
7. How much percentage of rural workers work in service sector in 2009-10?
8. Find out the odd one.  
Milk vendor, Basket weaver, Tailor, Potter.
9. Which sub sector play a key role in the service sector?
10. Based on the relationship between the information in the first pair, complete the second pair.  
Paid holidays: \$ Organised sector:: no work- no wage : ?
11. GDP is the total value of \_ produced during a particular year.
12. Most of the female workers working in which sector?

1 Mark Questions

13. What is organized sector?
14. What are the final goods?
15. What are the intermediate goods?
16. List out the aspects in the service sector.
17. Why most of the people want to work in organized sector?



6. Answer the following questions.

2 Mark Questions

3. Do you think the classification of economic activities into primary, secondary and service sectors is useful? Explain how.
4. What do you understand by underemployment? Explain with an example each from the urban and rural areas.
5. For each of the sectors that we came across in this chapter why should one focus on employment and GDP? Could there be other issues which should be examined? Discuss.
6. How is the service sector different from other sectors? Illustrate with few examples
7. What are the major sectorial changes took place in our economy?

4 Mark Questions

1. What are the differences between organized and unorganized sectors?
2. The workers in the unorganized sector need protection on the following issues: wages, safety and health. Explain with examples.



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CHAPTER  
3

Production and Employment

WORK SHEET-3

Information Skill

1. Read the following table and answer the below questions.

The following table shows the percentage of workers employed in different sectors in India in 1972-73 and in 2009-10, i.e. after 37 years.

Year	Agriculture	Industry	Services
1972-73	74%	11%	15%
2009-10	53%	22%	25%

- What are the major changes that you observe from the above table?
- From what you have read before, discuss what could be some of the reasons for these changes.

2. Observe the Pictures and mention the sector which they belong to.



1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

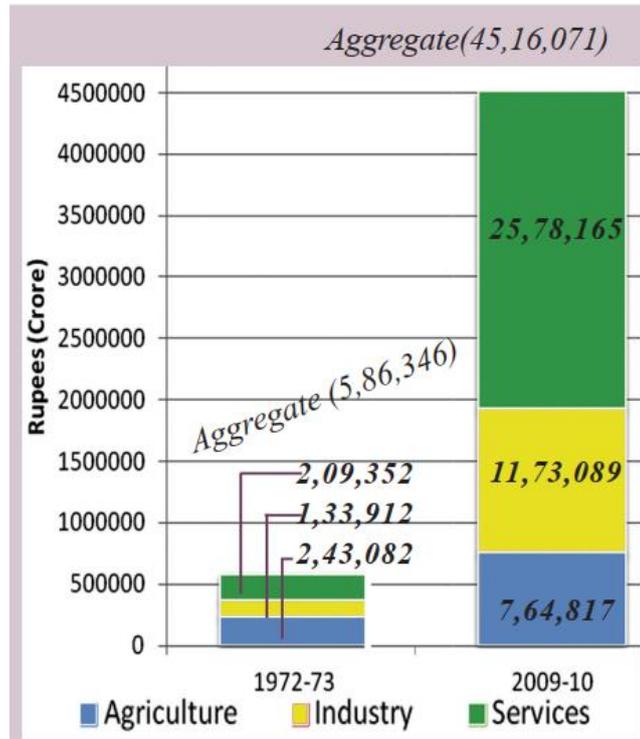


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WORK SHEET-3

Information Skill

3. Read the following table and answer the below questions.



Graph 1 : GDP by Agriculture, Industry and Service Sectors

- Which was the largest producing sector in 1972-73?
- Which was the largest producing sector in 2009-2010?
- How many times the total value of production of goods and services in India increased approximately between 1972-3 and 2009-10.



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CHAPTER  
3

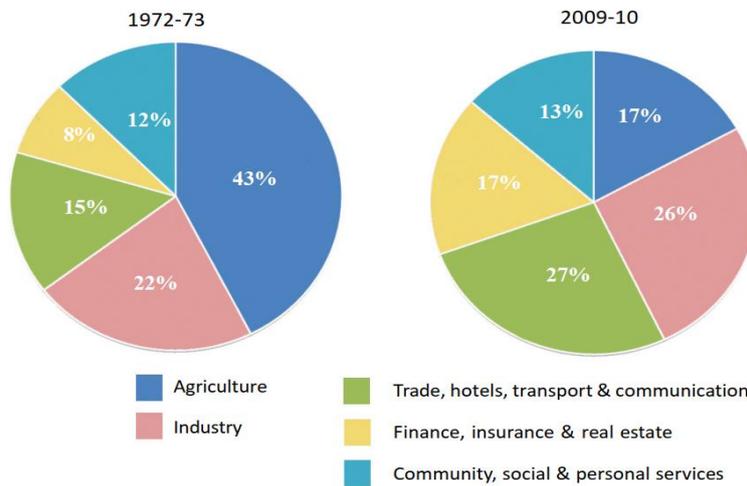
Production and Employment

WORK SHEET-4

Information Skill

3. Read the following pie charts and answer the below questions.

Graph 2 Share of different sectors in Gross Domestic Product



- What are the sub-sectors in service sector?
- Which sub-sectors provide major share of GDP in service sector?
- Which sector share in GDP decreased from 1972-73 to 2009-10?
- Which sector share in GDP increased from 1972-73 to 2009-10?

2. Read the following table and answer the below questions.

Table: 1 Distribution of Workers in India, 2009-2010 (%)

Sector	Place of Residence		Sex		All workers
	Rural	Urban	Male	Female	
Agriculture Sector	68	8	47	69	53
Industry Sector	17	34	34	16	22
Services Sector	15	58	19	15	25
Total	100	100	100	100	100

- Most of the urban workers work in which sectors?
- Most of the women workers work in which sector?
- What is the share of rural works in service sector?
- Which sector provided highest employment for all workers?



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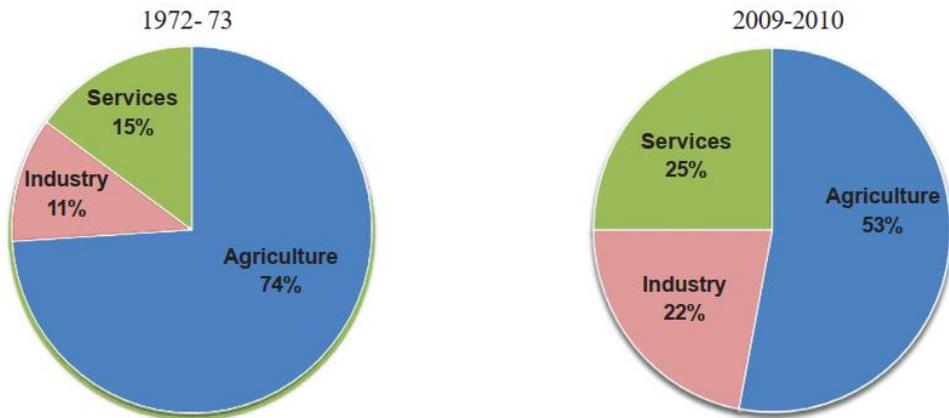
CHAPTER  
**3**

**Production and Employment**

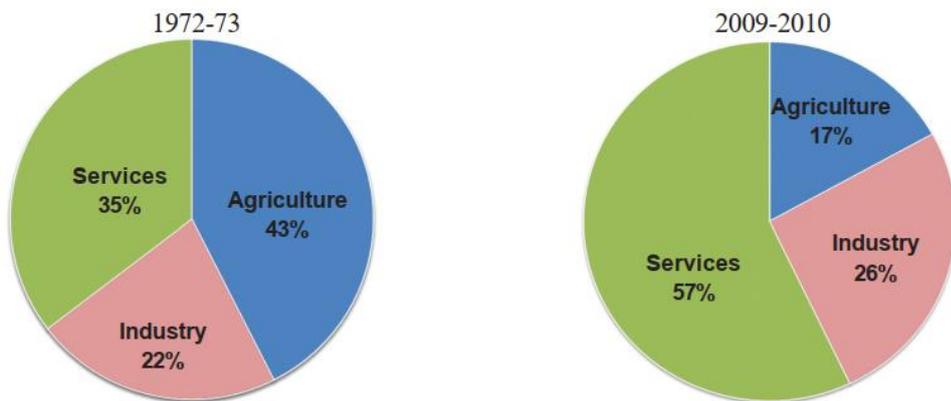
**WORK SHEET-4** **Information Skill**

**3. Read the following pie chart and fill the following table.**

Graph 3 : Sectoral shares of employment



Graph 4 : Shares of three sectors in GDP



Sector	Employment (%)		Gross Domestic Product (%)	
	1972-73	2009-10	1972-73	2009-10
Agriculture				
Industry				
Services				



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WORK SHEET-5

Information Skill

4. Read the following pie chart and make pie chart on it.

Table 2 Contribution of organised and unorganised sectors

Sector	Contribution (% of total)	
	Employment	Gross Domestic Product
Organised	8	50
Unorganised	92	50
Total	100	100

2. The value of GDP is given in the following table. Compute the growth rate of GDP as shown for 2010-11.

Year	GDP (in rupees crores)	Percentage change in GDP over the previous year	= Growth Rate of GDP
2009-10	45,16,000	-	-
2010-11	49,37,000	$[(49,37,000 - 45,16,000) / 45,16,000] * 100$	= 9.32 %
2011-12	52,44,000		
2012-13	55,05,000		



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3. Classify the following list of occupations under agriculture, industry and service sectors. Give reasons for your classification.

Occupation	Classification
Tailor	
Basket weaver	
Flower cultivator	
Milk vendor	
Fishermen	
Priest	
Courier	
Workers in match factory	
Money lender	
Gardener	
Potter	
Bee-keeper	
Astronaut	
Call centre employee	